PUC SPEL Online Center



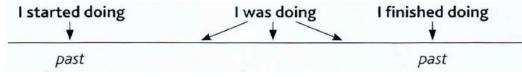
PUC SPEL Online is a web-based English language tutoring system developed by PUC to help you improve your English vocabulary, grammar, and pronunciation. You can access the online courses from your own computer with an internet connection and at any time you are available. The course provides convenience and flexibility for you to practice your English independently outside of your classrooms with the support of online

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Grammar Reference

Past continuous

The past continuous is used to talk about the activity that was in the middle of a certain time in the past. The activity had already started before that time but had not finished.



Example:

This time last year I was playing golf in the U.S. What were you doing at 10 o'clock yesterday?

Form:

Subject + was/were + verb-ing + ...

Past continuous and past simple

Past continuous	Past simple
He was walking home when he	He walked home after school
met Lisa. (in the middle of	yesterday. (finished)
walking)	
David was watching TV when we	David watched TV a lot when he
arrived.	was sick last month.

Note: We often use the past simple and the past continuous together to say that something happened in the middle of something else. Example:

David **phoned** while we **were having** dinner.

It was raining when I got up.

I **saw** you in the park yesterday. You **were sitting** on the grass and reading a book.

I hurt my back while I was working in the garden.

In contrast, we use the past simple to say that one thing happened directly after another.

Example:

I \mathbf{was} $\mathbf{walking}$ along the road when I \mathbf{saw} David. So I $\mathbf{stopped}$, and we \mathbf{had} a chat.

Compare

When Linda arrived , we were	When Linda arrived , we had
having dinner. (We had already	dinner. (Linda arrived, and then we
started before she arrived)	had dinner)

Note: Some verbs (know, want...) are not normally used in the continuous.

Example:

We were good friends. We ${\bf knew}$ each other well. (NOT ${\bf were}$ ${\bf knowing}$)

I was enjoying the party, but Lisa wanted to go home. (NOT was wanting)

For

"For + a period of time" is used to say how long something goes on.

Example:

for one hour

for a week

for ages

We watched TV for one hour last night.

David is going away **for** a week in October.

During

"During + noun" is used to say when something happens (NOT how long). Example:

during the class

during our holiday

during the night

He fell asleep during the class.

We visited some nice places during our holiday.

While

"While + subject + verb" is used to say when something happens. Example:

during + noun	while + subject + verb
I fell asleep during the class.	I fell asleep while I was studying.
We visited some nice places during	We visited some nice places while
our holiday.	we were on holiday.

Note: When you are talking about the future, use the present (NOT will) after while.

Example:

I'm going to Hanoi next week. I hope to see some friends of mine while I'm there. (not while I will be there.)

What are you going to do while you're waiting? (NOT while you'll be waiting)

$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$

"By" is used to mean not later than.

Example:

I sent the documents to them today, so they should receive them by Monday. (= on or before Monday, not later than Monday)

Lisa should be here by now. (= now or before now)

Until

"Until" is used to say how long a situation continues.

Example:

I stayed in bed until half past eight.

Lisa will be away until Monday. (She'll be back on Monday.)